

**#EU  
GREEN  
WEEK**



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# Are we investing enough to fully exploit plant breeding for a more circular bioeconomy?

Amrit Nanda, Executive Manager Plants for the Future

EU Green Week Partner Event



**TRENDS IN  
EUROPEAN PUBLIC INVESTMENT  
IN PLANT BREEDING R&I**

**FROM FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME 7 TO HORIZON EUROPE  
(2007-2024)**

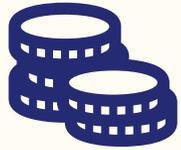


# Focus of our study

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**Plants  
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European Technology Platform



**Funding trends for R&I in plant breeding** including developments related to funding within relevant subprogrammes



**Project profile trends** including target TRLs, budgets, consortia size and types of partners (public or private)



**Plant breeding innovation trends** including the level of promotion and use of different breeding methods (conventional, NGTs or GMO)

- › All budgets were adjusted to 2020 prices
- › Model plant species and national funded projects were not included

# Key numbers (as of June 2024)

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**Plants  
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**235**

## Projects funded

with clearly delineated  
EU funding.

*Additional 35 projects  
with less transparent  
funding schemes.*

**3**

## Subprogrammes

Which funded most of (94%)  
of the plant breeding  
projects: ERC, MSCA,  
Agrifood.

*The remaining 6% were funded  
through Industrial Leadership,  
Spreading excellence and EIT*

**2,061**

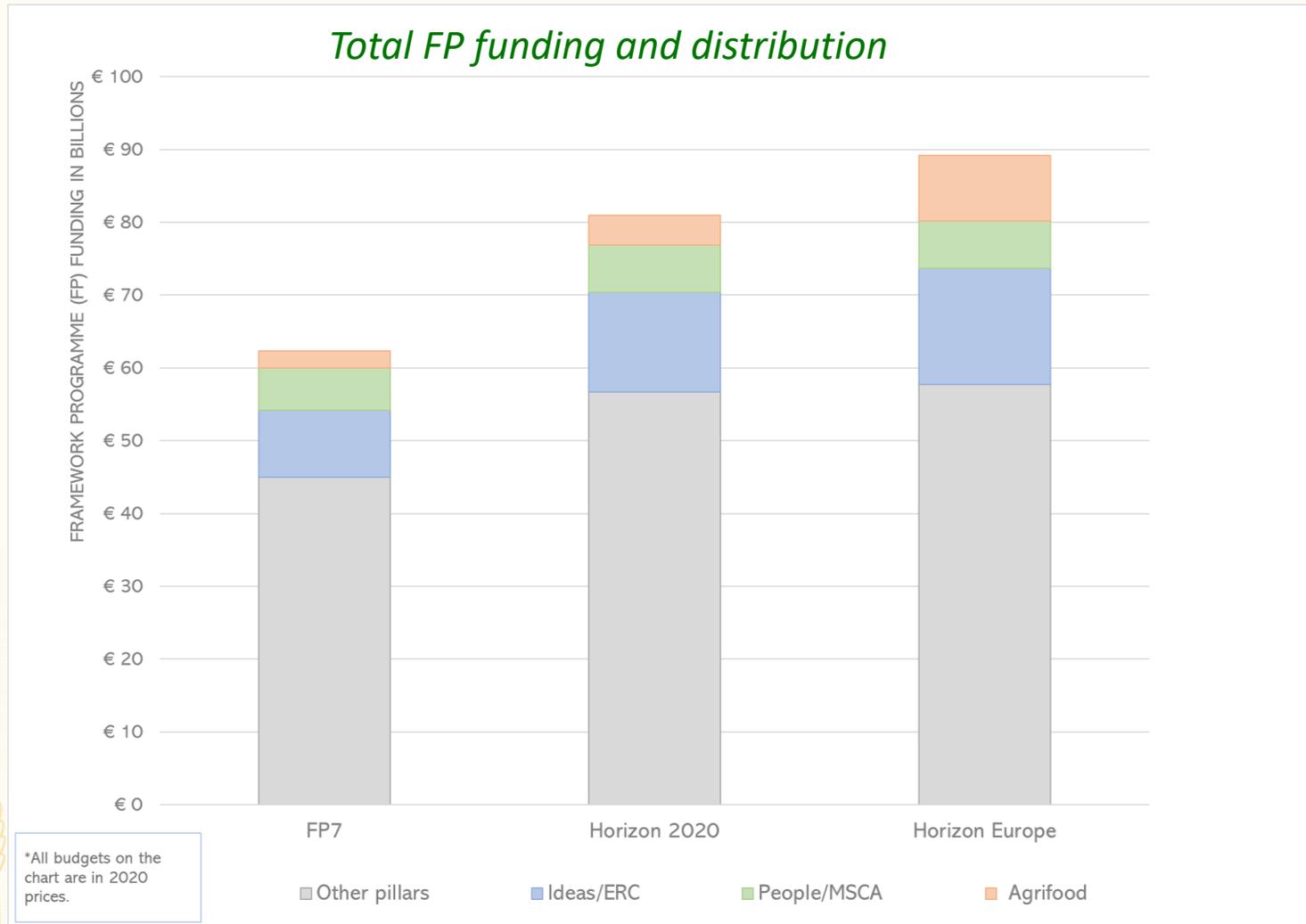
## Participants

contributing to projects.  
30% of partners contributed  
to more than 1 project, thus  
**1,013 individual  
participants**

*Over 200 participants  
contributed to the 35 projects  
with incomplete information*

# Funding trends for R&I in plant breeding

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From FP7 to HE

Total FP funding +42%  
Funding for R&I in plant  
breeding +9%\*

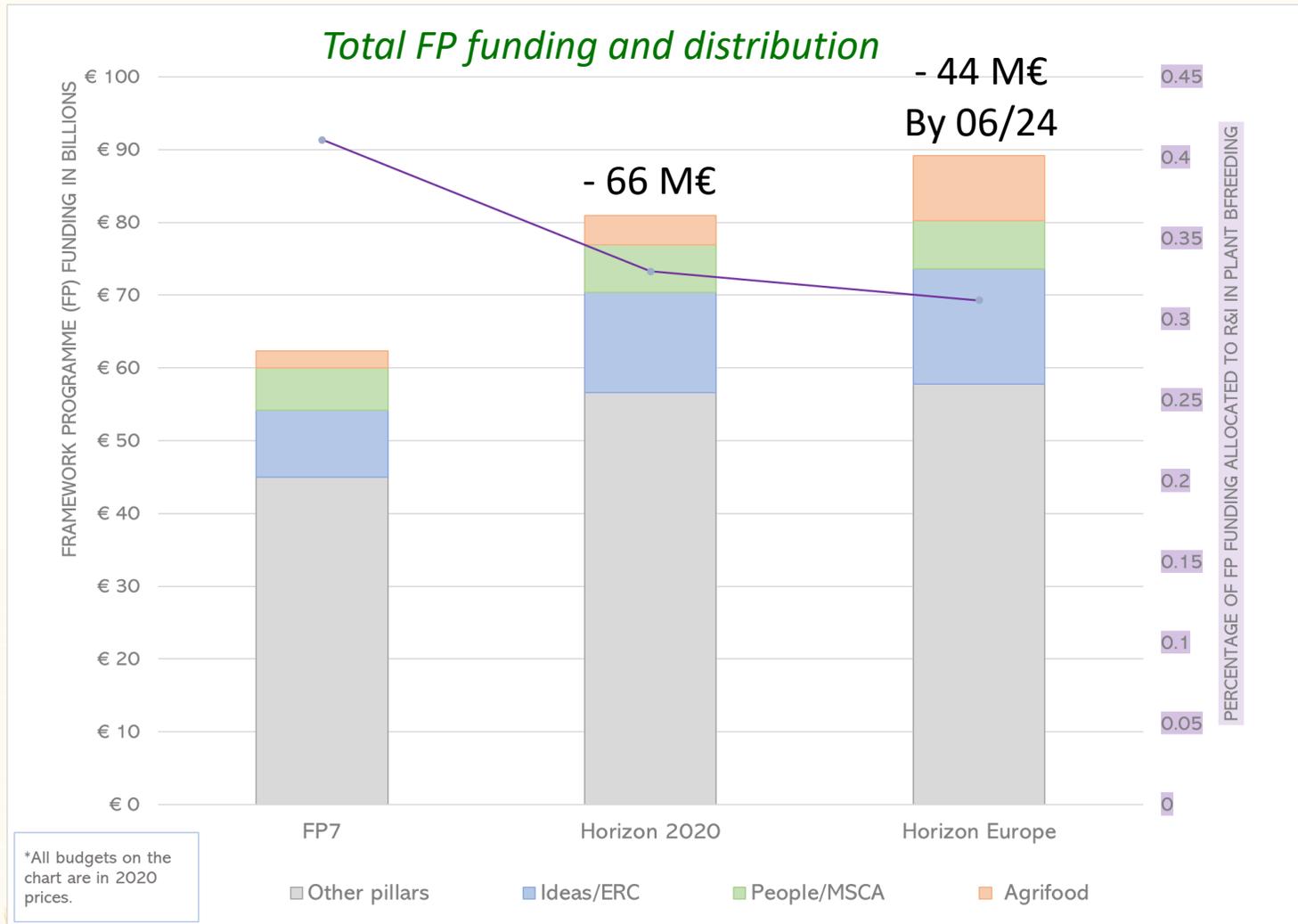
ERC total funding +73%  
R&I in plant breeding -8%\*

MSCA total funding +13%  
R&I in plant breeding -63%\*

Agrifood total funding +277%  
R&I in plant breeding 12%\*

# Funding trends for R&I in plant breeding

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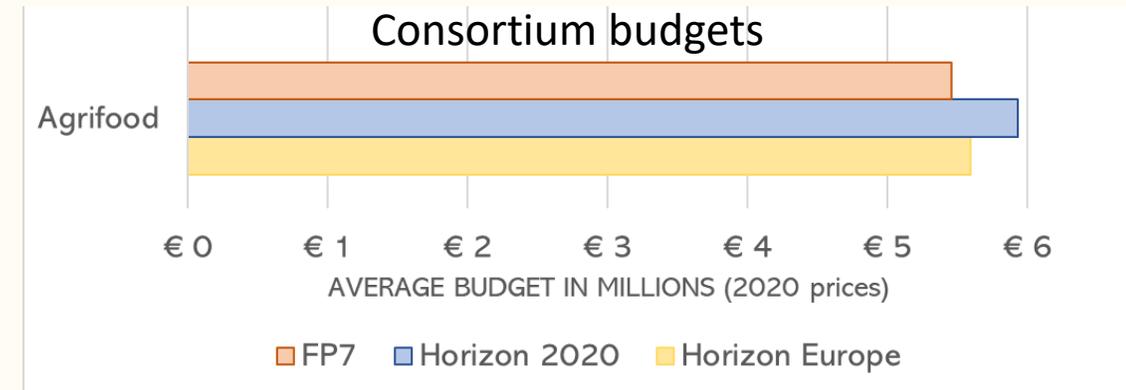
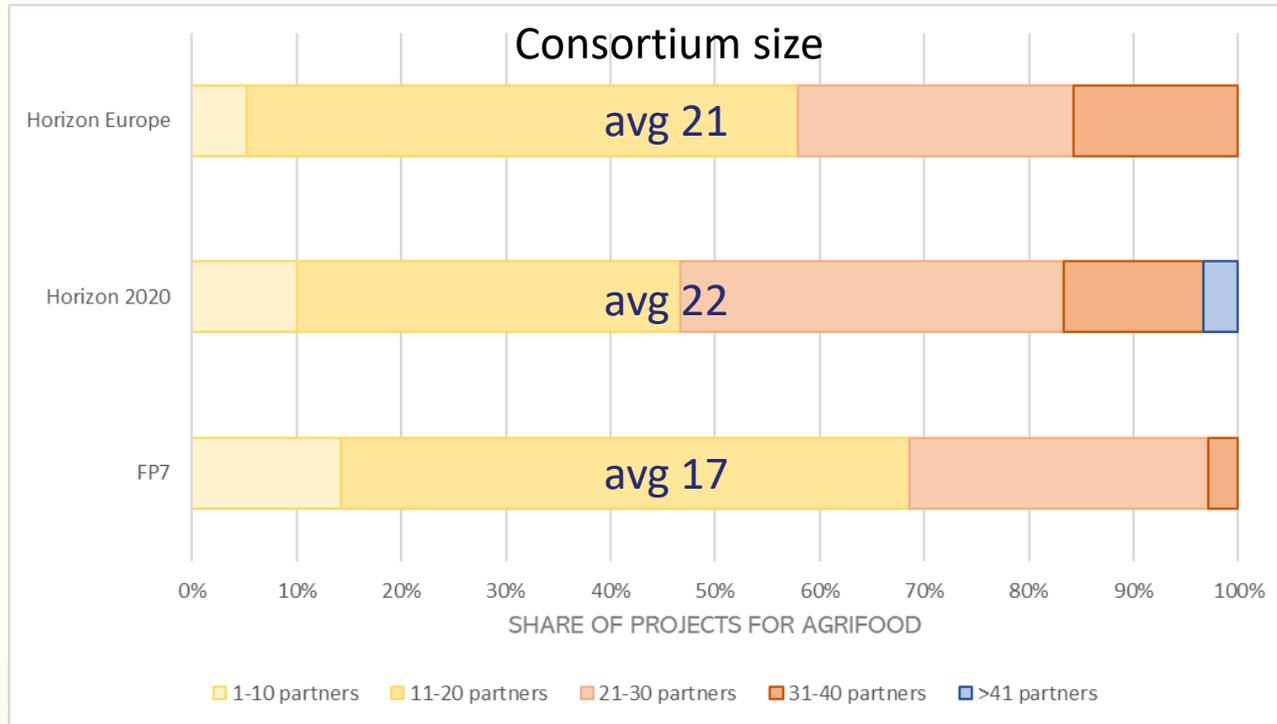
From FP7 to HE  
**Total FP funding +42%**  
Funding for R&I in plant breeding **+9%\***

Allocation of total FP funding for R&I in plant breeding **-0.1%**

**Total funding for R&I in plant breeding**  
FP7 256 M€  
H2020 267 M€  
HE 138 M€ (as of June 2024)

# Project profile trends – Agrifood cluster

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**Funding allocation per project remains stable (5.5 - 5.9 M€)**

**Consortium size has increased**

**Project length is also stable (4 - 5 years)**

➤ **Funding per partner is decreasing**

# Participation of the private sector in EU plant breeding-related projects

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		FP7	Horizon 2020	Horizon Europe
<i>Involvement in R&amp;I in plant breeding</i>	Private Partners	29%	32%	35%
	Public Partners	71%	68%	65%
<i>Funding dedicated to plant breeding-related projects</i>	Private Partners	17%	20%	22%
	Public Partners	83%	80%	78%

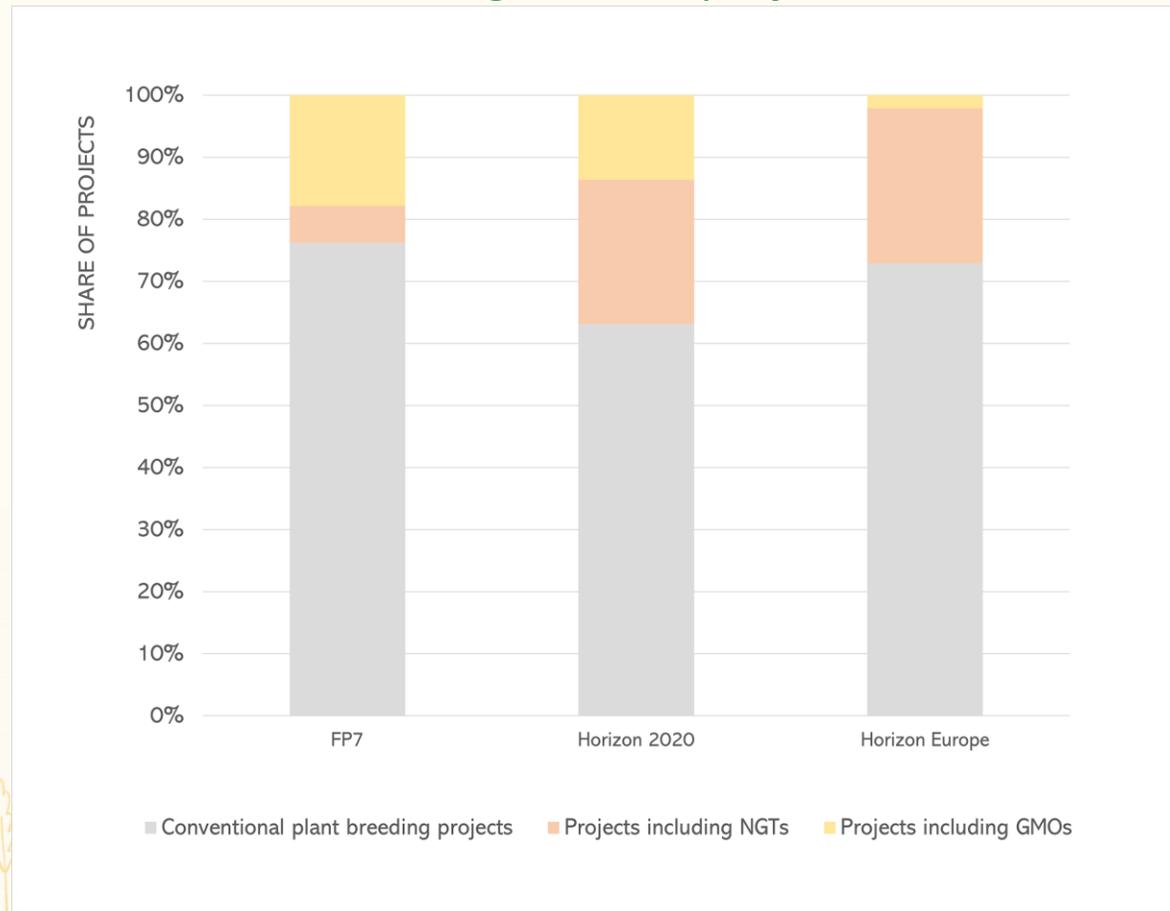
- Private partners typically received an average of €197,500, while public partners received an average of €381,600.
- Funding for private partners participating in plant breeding R&I in H2020 (20%) was lower than the average for the entire FP (28%).

# Plant breeding innovation trends

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## Use of conventional methods, GM and NGTs in plant breeding–related projects



- › The use of traditional GM has almost disappeared, with only 1 project in HE, so far
- › The use of NGTs has increased. However, many project partners highlighted challenges to meet project targets, following the ECJ ruling and barriers to conduct field trials
- › **The momentum gained in H2020 in the use of PBI has disappeared in HE**

# Growing restrictions in the use of PBI

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- › In FP7, calls were broad and encouraged plant breeding innovation
- › In H2020, calls became more detailed and specific, especially regarding the applicability of project outcomes

A new requirement that outcomes should “*benefit both conventional **and** organic agriculture*”

In H2020, **20% of plant breeding-relevant calls** (4) included that requirement, with only 1 call containing a more flexible **and/or**

- › In the first half of HE, **~44% of plant breeding-relevant calls** included the strict **and** requirement

# Providing Strategic Direction for EU R&I to reach the Green Deal goals

**Horizon Europe** aims to fund solutions to support the implementation of the EU Green Deal goals

**EU R&I partnerships** and **missions** have been established focusing on biodiversity, soil, water, agroecology, sustainable food systems, animal health and welfare, and data and digitalisation.

While these initiatives are important, we highlight two shortcomings

- 1 All the mechanisms are public-public, no dedicated mechanism to involve the private sector (except the CBE JU)
- 2 **Plant breeding is not strategically addressed anywhere**

# Call to Action

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Plant breeding was highlighted as a “**key strategic research area**” in the Strategic Plan for 2nd half of HE, and a specific recommendation on **plant breeding innovation** was included in the report from the Strategic Dialogue and the Vision for Agriculture

The report on EU competitiveness, the Strategic Dialogue and the Vision highlighted the **benefits of public-private partnerships** to translate research outcomes and reduce the **innovation gap**

Plant breeding has a huge potential to contribute solutions to ensure sufficient high-quality food, feed and raw materials for the wide bioeconomy, but it is currently not being strategically supported

**Plants for the future is calling for a dedicated mechanism (public private partnership) to ensure sufficient, long term and EU-wide coordinated support for R&I in plant breeding in FP10**

# Recommendations for the rest of HE and FP10

**Increase funding allocation for R&I in plant breeding, covering all TRLs, by implementing a dedicated, strategic EU-wide coordinated mechanism to support R&I in plant breeding, ensuring close collaboration between the public and private sectors, to ensure maximum impact**

**Promote more opportunities for R&I in plant breeding in Pillar 3 subprogrammes Innovative Europe and Widening participation and spreading excellence**

**Promote, or at least do not restrict, the use of plant breeding innovation in plant breeding-relevant calls, so that Europe does not fall behind its global competitors**

**Increase funding for the MSCA subprogramme to ensure training for the next generation of highly skilled and competitive researchers in plant breeding R&I**

**Provide adequate funding to research calls to enable longer-term plant breeding-related projects, thereby ensuring research outcomes can be fully exploited within the lifetime of the project, or through dedicated research calls aimed at the continuation of successful projects**

**Attract more participation of the private sector in plant breeding-related projects by reducing administrative burden and ensuring sufficient funding**



# Plants for the Future

European Technology Platform



*Check out our Plantastic Discoveries  
for bite-sized insights on plant breeding!*